

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

The AD8541ARTZ-REEL7 (single), AD8542ARTZ-REEL7(dual) and AD8544ARTZ-REEL7 (quad) are low voltage micro power CMOS voltage feedback operational amplifiers. With an excellent bandwidth of 1.3MHz, aslew rate of 0.9V/μsand a quiescent current of 70 μA per amplifier at 5V,the AD854xARTZ-REEL7 family can be designed into a wide range ofapplications.

The AD854xARTZ-REEL7 op-amps are specifically designed for general-purpose applications with optimal performance. They have a wide input commonmode voltage range and excellentoutput voltage swings, and the maximum input offset voltage are 2.5mV. These parts provide rail-to-rail output swing into heavy loads. The AD854xARTZ-REEL7 family is specified for single or dual power supplies of +2.2V to +5.5V. The AD8541ARTZ-REEL7 is available in 5-lead SC -70 and SOT-23, and 8-lead SOP packages.

The AD8542ARTZ-REEL7 is available in 8-lead MSOP and SOP packages. The AD8544ARTZ-REEL7 is available in 14-lead SOP packages.

FEATURES

- Low Offset Voltage: 3.0 mV Maximum
 Gain-Bandwidth Product: 1.2MHz
- High Slew Rate: 1.0 V/µs
- Low Power: 85 µA per Amplifier Supply Current
- Unity Gain Stable
- Rail-to-Rail Input and Output
- Input Voltage Range: -0.2 to +5.2 V at 5V Supply
- Operating Power Supply: +2.2 to +5.5 V
- Operating Temperature Range: -40 ℃ to +125 ℃
- ESD Rating: HBM − 4kV, CDM − 2kV

APPLICATIONS

- Smoke/Gas/Environment Sensors
- Audio Outputs
- Active Filters
- ASIC Input or Output Amplifier
- Sensor Interfaces
- Portable Equipment
- Battery-Powered Instrumentation

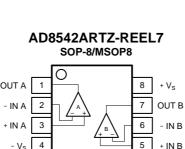
PIN CONFIGURATION



OUT

-Vs

+IN



PIN 1

MSOP-8





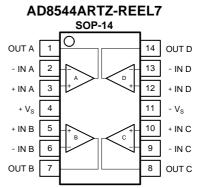


Figure 1. Pin Assignment Diagram



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Supply Voltage, +V _S to -V _S	7V
Input Common Mode Voltage Range	е
(-\	$V_{\rm S}$) - 0.5V to (+ $V_{\rm S}$) + 0.5V
Storage Temperature Range	65°C to +150°C
Junction Temperature	+160°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering 10sed	c)+260°C
ESD Susceptibility	
НВМ	4000V
MM	400V
CDM	2000V

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Operating Temperature Range-40°C to +125°C

Note: Stress greater than those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device.

This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions outside those indicated in the operational sections of this specification are not implied.

Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

OEDEROMG OMFORMATION

Type Number	Package Name	Package Quantity
AD8541ARTZ	SOT-23-5L	3000
AD8541AKSZ	SOT-353	3000
AD8542ARZ	SOP-8L	2500
AD8542ARMZ	MSOP-8L	3000
AD8544ARZ	SOP-14L	2500

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Vs = 5.0V, TA = +25°C, VCM = Vs / 2, VO = Vs / 2, and $RL = 10k\Omega$ connected to Vs / 2, unless other wise noted. Boldface limits apply over the specified temperature range, TA = -40 to + 125°C.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Vos	Input offset voltage			±1.0	±3.0	mV
VosTc	Offset voltage drift	T _A = - 40 to +125 °C		±1	3.5	μV/°C
PSRR	Power supply	Vs= 2.2 to 5.5 V, VcM< Vs+-2V	80	110		dB
1 SIXIX	rejection ratio	T _A = - 40 to +125 °C	75			ub l
IB Input bias current			5	50		
	Input bias current	T _A = +85 °C			200	pА
		T _A = +125 °C			2000	
los	Input offset current			10	50	pА
Vn	Input voltage noise	f = 0.1 to 10 Hz		6		µV _{P-P}
	Input voltage noise	f = 10 kHz		27		nV/√Hz
	density	f = 1 kHz		30		
In	Input current noise density	f = 1 kHz		5		fA/√Hz



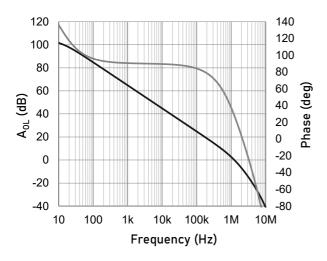
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $Vs = 5.0V, T_A = +25 ^{\circ}C, \ V_{CM} = Vs \ / \ 2, \ Vo = Vs \ / \ 2, \ and \ R_L = 10 k\Omega \ connected \ to \ Vs \ / \ 2, \ unless \ other \ wise \ noted.$ Boldface limits apply over the specified temperature range, $T_A = -40 \ to \ + \ 125 ^{\circ}C.$

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	
Vсм	Common-mode voltage range		Vs0.1		Vs++0.1	V	
		Vs= 5.5 V,Vcм= − 0.1 to 5.6 V	0.1 to 5.6 V 70 83				
01100	Common-mode	VcM= 0 to 5.3 V, TA= -40 to +125 °C	65				
CMRR	rejection ratio	Vs= 2.2 V,VcM= - 0.1 to 2.2 V	65	65 77		dB	
		V _{CM} = 0 to 2.2 V,T _A = -40 to +125 °C	60				
Constant constitutes	Input capacitance	Differential		2.0	pF		
Cin	input capacitance	Common mode		3.5		рг	
		$R_L = 25 \text{ k}\Omega$, $V_O = 0.05 \text{ to } 3.5 \text{ V}$	90	105			
Λ	Open-loop voltage	T _A = -40 to +125 °C	85			4D	
Avol	gain	$R_L = 2 k\Omega$, $V_O = 0.15 \text{ to } 3.5 \text{ V}$	85	100		dB	
		T _A = -40 to +125 °C	80				
GBW	Gainbandwidth product			1.2		MHz	
SR	Slew rate	G = +1, CL= 100 pF, Vo= 1.5 to 3.5	G = +1, C _L = 100 pF, V _O = 1.5 to 3.5 V			V/µs	
THD+N	Total harmonic distortion + noise	G = +1, f = 1 kHz, Vo = 1 VRMS		0.003		%	
		To 0.1%, G = +1, 1V step		1.5			
ts	Settling time	To 0.01%, G = +1, 1V step		1.8		μs	
tor	Overload recovery time	To 0.1%, V _{IN} * Gain > Vs		2.5		μs	
Vон	High output voltage	RL= 50 kΩ	Vs+-6	Vs+-3		mV	
VOH	swing	R _L = 2 kΩ	Vs+-100	Vs+-65		1111	
Vol	Low output voltage	RL= 50 kΩ		Vs-+2	Vs-+4	mV	
VOL	swing	RL= 2 kΩ		Vs-+43	Vs-+65	1111	
laa	Short-circuit current	Source current through 10Ω		40		m A	
Isc	Short-circuit current	Sink current through 10Ω		50		mA mA	
Vs	Operating supply voltage		2.2		5.5	V	
lo.	Quiescent current			85	120		
lq	(per amplifier)	T _A = −40 to +125 °C			150	μА	
Та	Operating temperature range		-40		+125	°C	

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

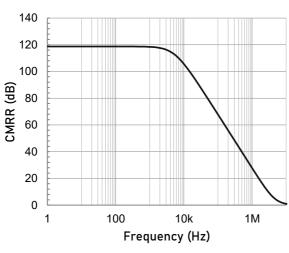
At T_A = +25°C, V_{CM} = $V_S/2$, and R_L = 10k Ω connected to $V_S/2$, unless otherwise noted.

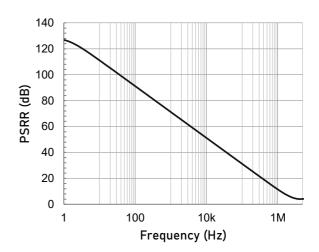


1,000 (ZH)/\/\100 lose Noise Noise 10 10k 1M Frequency (Hz)

Open-loop Gain and Phase as a function of Frequency.

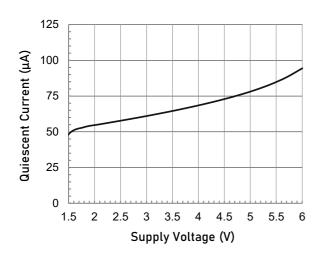
Input Voltage Noise Spectral Density as a function of Frequency.

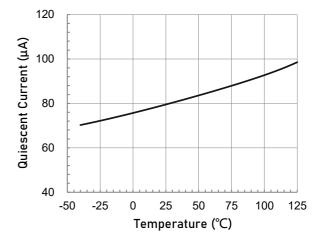




Common-mode Rejection Ratio as a function of Frequency.

Power Supply Rejection Ratio as a function of Frequency.



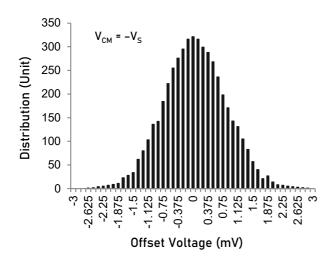


Quiescent Current as a function of Supply Voltage.

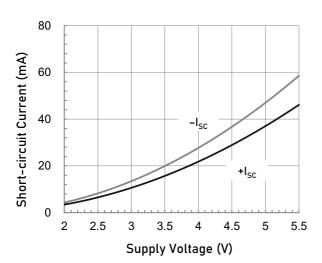
Quiescent Current as a function of Temperature.

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

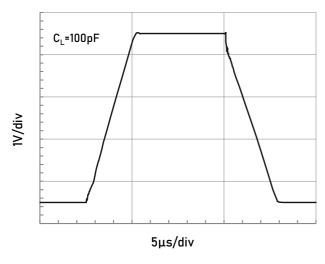
At T_A = +25°C, V_{CM} = $V_S/2$, and R_L = 10k Ω connected to $V_S/2$, unless otherwise noted.



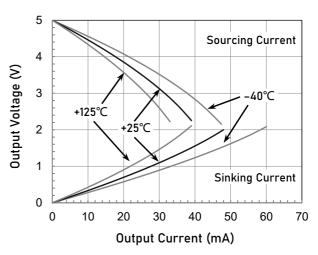
Offset Voltage Production Distribution



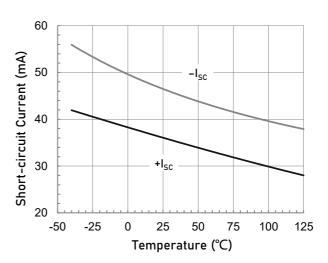
Short-circuit Current as a function of Supply Voltage.



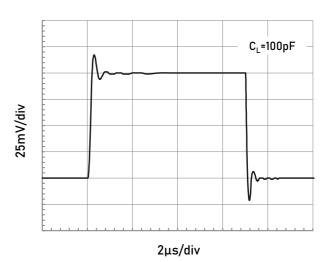
Large Signal Step Response.



Output Voltage Swing as a function of Output Current.



Short-circuit Current as a function of Temperature.



Small Signal Step Response.



APPLICATION NOTE

Size

AD854xARTZ-REEL7 family series op amps are unity-gain stable and suitable for a wide range of general-purpose applications.

The small footprints of the AD854xARTZ-REEL7 family packages save space on printed circuit boards and enable the design of smaller electronic products.

Power Supply Bypassing and Board Layout

AD854xARTZ-REEL7 family series operates from a single 2.2V to 5.5V supply or dual $\pm 1.0V$ to $\pm 3V$ supplies.For best performance, a $0.1\mu F$ ceramic capacitor should be placed close to the V_{DD} pin in single supply operation. For dual supply operation, both V_{DD} and V_{SS} supplies should be bypassed to ground with separate $0.1\mu F$ ceramic capacitors.

Low Supply Current

The low supply current (typical 85µA per channel) of AD854xARTZ-REEL7 family will help to maximize battery life. They are ideal forbattery powered systems.

Operating Voltage

AD854xARTZ-REEL7 family operates under wide input supply voltage (2.2V to5.5V)In addition, all temperature specification apply from -40°C to +125°C.Most behavior remains unchanged throughout the full operating voltage range. These guarantees ensure operation throughout the single Li-lon battery lifetime.

Rail-to-Rail Input

The input common-mode range of AD854xARTZ-REEL7 family extends 100mV beyond the supply rails (V_{SS} -0.1V to V_{DD} +0.1V).

This is achieved by using complementary input stage. For normal operation, inputs should be limited to this range.

Rail-to-Rail Output

Rail-to-Rail output swing provides maximum possible dynamic range at the output. This is particularly important when operating in low supply voltages. The output voltage of AD854xARTZ-REEL7 family can typically swing to less than 10mV from supply rail in light resistive loads (>100k Ω), and 60mV of supply rail in moderate resistive loads (10k Ω).

Capacitive Load Tolerance

The AD854xARTZ-REEL7 family is optimized for bandwidth and speed, not for driving capacitive loads. Output capacitance will create a pole in the amplifier's feedback path, leading to excessive peaking and potential oscillation. If dealing with load capacitance is a requirement of the application, the two strategies to consider are (1) using a small resistor in series with the amplifier's output and the load capacitance and (2) reducing the bandwidth of the amplifier's feedback loop by increasing the overall noise gain. Figure 2 shows a unity gain follower using the series resistor strategy. The resistor is olates the output from the capacitance and, more importantly, creates a zero in the feedback path that compensates for the pole created by the output capacitance.

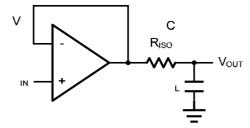


Figure 2 Indirectly Driving a Capacitive Load Using Isolation Resistor



The bigger the R_{ISO} resistor value, the more stable V_{OUT} will be. However, if there is a resistive load R_L in parallel with the capacitive load, a voltage divider (proportional to R_{ISO}/R_L) is formed, this will result in a gain error.

The circuit in Figure 3 is an improvement to the one in Figure 2. R_F provides the DC accuracy by feed-forward the V_{IN} to R_L . C_F and R_{ISO} serve to counteract the loss of phase margin by feeding the high frequency component of the output signal back to the amplifier's inverting input, thereby preserving the phase margin in the overall feedback loop. Capacitive drive can be increased by increasing the value of C_F . This in turn will slow down the pulse response.

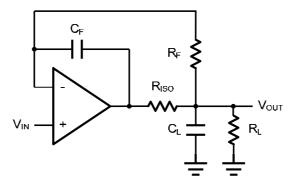


Figure 3. Indirectly Driving a Capacitive Load with DC Accuracy

INSTRUMENTATION AMPLIFIER

The triple AD854x family can be used to build a three-op-amp instrumentation amplifier as shown in Figure 4. The amplifier in Figure 4 is a high input impedance differential amplifier with gain of R_2/R_1 . The two differential voltage followers assure the high input impedance of the amplifier.

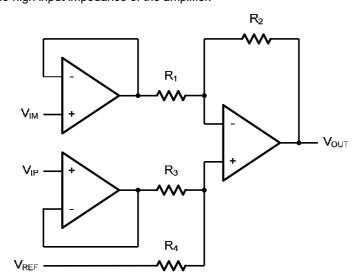


Figure 4. Instrument Amplifier

•

TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUITS

Differential amplifier

The differential amplifier allows the subtraction of two input voltages or cancellation of a signal common the two inputs.

It is useful as a computational amplifier in making a differential to single-end conversion or in rejecting a common mode signal. Figure 5.shown the differential amplifier using AD854xARTZ-REEL7 family.

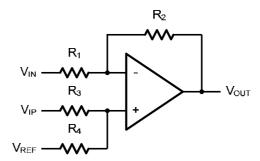


Figure 5. Differential Amplifier

$$V_{\text{OUT}} = \left(\frac{R_1 + R_2}{R_3 + R_4}\right) \frac{R_4}{R_1} V_{\text{IN}}^2 - V_{\text{IR}}^R + \left(\frac{R_1 + R_2}{R_3 + R_4}\right) \frac{R_3}{R_1} V_{\text{REF}}$$

If the resistor ratios are equal (i.e. $R_1=R_3$ and $R_2=R_4$), then

$$V_{\text{OUT}} = \frac{R_2}{R_1} (V_{\text{IP}} - V_{\text{IN}}) + V_{\text{REF}}$$

Low Pass Active Filter

The low pass active filter is shown in Figure 6. The DC gain is defined by $-R_2/R_1$. The filter has a -20dB/decade roll-off after its corner frequency $f_C=1/(2\pi R_3C_1)$.

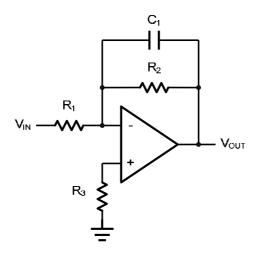
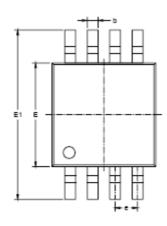
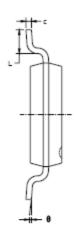
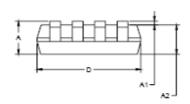


Figure 6. Low Pass Active Filter

PACKAGE OUTLINE DIMENSIONS MSOP-8

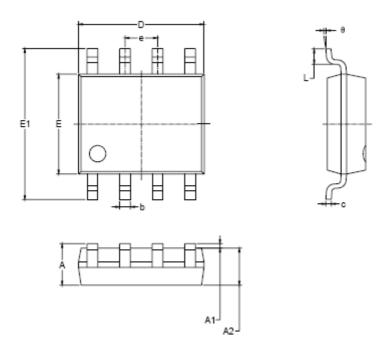






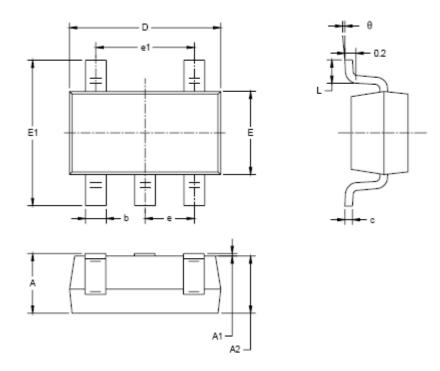
Symbol	Dimer In Milli	nsions meters	Dimensions In Inches		
•	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
Α	0.820	1.100	0.032	0.043	
A1	0.020	0.150	0.001	0.006	
A2	0.750	0.950	0.030	0.037	
b	0.250	0.380	0.010	0.015	
С	0.090	0.230	0.004	0.009	
D	2.900	3.100	0.114	0.122	
E	2.900	3.100	0.114	0.122	
E1	4.750	5.050	0.187	0.199	
e	0.650	0.650 BSC		BSC	
L	0.400	0.800	0.016	0.031	
θ	0°	6°	0°	6°	

SOP-8



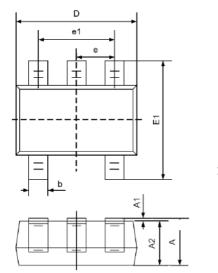
Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters		Dimensions In Inches		
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
A	1.350	1.750	0.053	0.069	
A1	0.100	0.250	0.004	0.010	
A2	1.350	1.550	0.053	0.061	
b	0.330	0.510	0.013	0.020	
С	0.170	0.250	0.006	0.010	
D	4.700	5.100	0.185	0.200	
E	3.800	4.000	0.150	0.157	
E1	5.800	6.200	0.228	0.244	
e	1.27 BSC		0.050	BSC	
L	0.400	1.270	0.016	0.050	
θ	0°	8°	0°	8°	

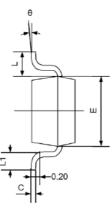
SOT-23-5L



Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters		Dimensions In Inches		
,	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
А	1.050	1.250	0.041	0.049	
A1	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.004	
A2	1.050	1.150	0.041	0.045	
b	0.300	0.500	0.012	0.020	
С	0.100	0.200	0.004	0.008	
D	2.820	3.020	0.111	0.119	
E	1.500	1.700	0.059	0.067	
E1	2.650	2.950	0.104	0.116	
е	0.950	0.950 BSC		BSC	
e1	1.900	1.900 BSC		BSC	
L	0.300	0.600	0.012	0.024	
θ	0°	8°	0°	8°	

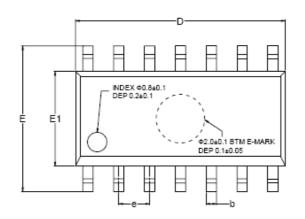
SOT-353

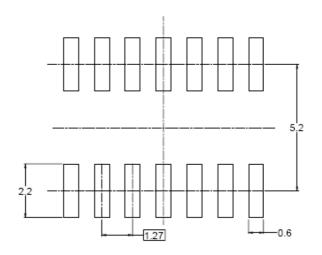




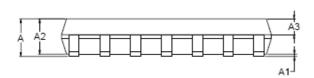
	Dimens	sions	Dimensions		
Symbol	In Milli	meters	In Inches		
	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Α	0.900	1.100	0.035	0.043	
A1	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.004	
A2	0.900	1.000	0.035	0.039	
b	0.150	0.350	0.006	0.014	
С	0.080	0.150	0.003	0.006	
D	2.000	2.200	0.079	0.087	
E	1.150	1.350	0.045	0.053	
E1	2.150	2.450	0.085	0.096	
е	0.650T	ΥP	0.026T	ΥP	
e1	1.200	1.400	0.047	0.055	
L	0.525REF		0.021REF		
L1	0.260	0.460	0.010	0.018	
θ	0° 8°		0°	8°	

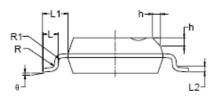
SOP-14





RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN (Unit: mm)





S.mah al	Dimens	ions In Mill	imeters	Dime	nsions In In	ches
Symbol	MIN	MOD	MAX	MIN	MOD	MAX
Α	1.35		1.75	0.053		0.069
A1	0.10		0.25	0.004		0.010
A2	1.25		1.65	0.049		0.065
A3	0.55		0.75	0.022		0.030
b	0.36		0.49	0.014		0.019
D	8.53		8.73	0.336		0.344
E	5.80		6.20	0.228		0.244
E1	3.80		4.00	0.150		0.157
е		1.27 BSC		0.050 BSC		
L	0.45		0.80	0.018		0.032
L1		1.04 REF		0.040 REF		
L2		0.25 BSC		0.01 BSC		
R	0.07			0.003		
R1	0.07			0.003		
h	0.30		0.50	0.012		0.020
θ	0°		8°	0°		8°

AD8541ARTZ-REEL7

1MHz General Purpose, RRIO CMOS Amplifers

Attention

- Any and all HUA XUAN YANG ELECTRONICS products described or contained herein do not have specifications that can handle applications that require extremely high levels of reliability, such as life-support systems, aircraft's control systems, or other applications whose failure can be reasonably expected to result in serious physical and/or material damage. Consult with your HUA XUAN YANG ELECTRONICS representative nearest you before using any HUA XUAN YANG ELECTRONICS products described or contained herein in such applications.
- HUA XUAN YANG ELECTRONICS assumes no responsibility for equipment failures that result from using products at values that exceed, even momentarily, rated values (such as maximum ratings, operating condition ranges, or other parameters) listed in products specifications of any and all HUA XUAN YANG ELECTRONICS products described or contained herein.
- Specifications of any and all HUA XUAN YANG ELECTRONICS products described or contained herein stipulate the performance, characteristics, and functions of the described products in the independent state, and are not guarantees of the performance, characteristics, and functions of the described products as mounted in the customer's products or equipment. To verify symptoms and states that cannot be evaluated in an independent device, the customer should always evaluate and test devices mounted in the customer's products or equipment.
- HUA XUAN YANG ELECTRONICS CO.,LTD. strives to supply high-quality high-reliability products. However, any and all semiconductor products fail with some probability. It is possible that these probabilistic failures could give rise to accidents or events that could endanger human lives, that could give rise to smoke or fire, or that could cause damage to other property. When designing equipment, adopt safety measures so that these kinds of accidents or events cannot occur. Such measures include but are not limited to protective circuits and error prevention circuits for safe design, redundant design, and structural design.
- In the event that any or all HUA XUAN YANG ELECTRONICS products(including technical data, services) described or contained herein are controlled under any of applicable local export control laws and regulations, such products must not be exported without obtaining the export license from the authorities concerned in accordance with the above law.
- No part of this publication may be reproduced or transmitted in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and recording, or any information storage or retrieval system, or otherwise, without the prior written permission of HUA XUAN YANG ELECTRONICS CO.,LTD.
- Information (including circuit diagrams and circuit parameters) herein is for example only; it is not guaranteed for volume production. HUA XUAN YANG ELECTRONICS believes information herein is accurate and reliable, but no guarantees are made or implied regarding its use or any infringements of intellectual property rights or other rights of third parties.
- Any and all information described or contained herein are subject to change without notice due to product/technology improvement, etc. When designing equipment, refer to the "Delivery Specification" for the HUA XUAN YANG ELECTRONICS product that you intend to use.